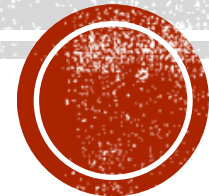


RECONFIGURABLE PROCESSING PLATFORMS FOR REAL-TIME NON-CONTACT RAIL INSPECTION USING EMATS

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Workshop on Knowledge Exchange of RCM on Railway

SUMMARY

- Electromagnetic Acoustic Transducers (EMATs)
- Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)
- Integration Testing: 3 phases
 - Sensing in a simulated environment
 - Sensing in a lab environment
 - Sensing in a field environment: the RiFlex project
- Future Work Plan

ELECTROMAGNETIC ACOUSTIC TRANSDUCERS (EMATs)

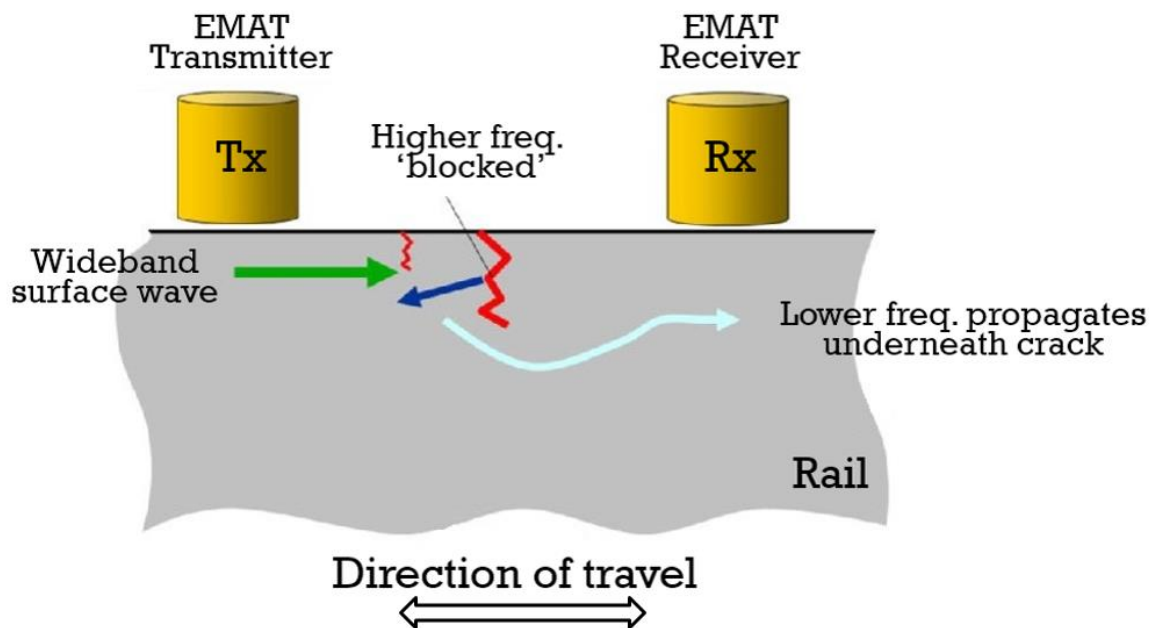
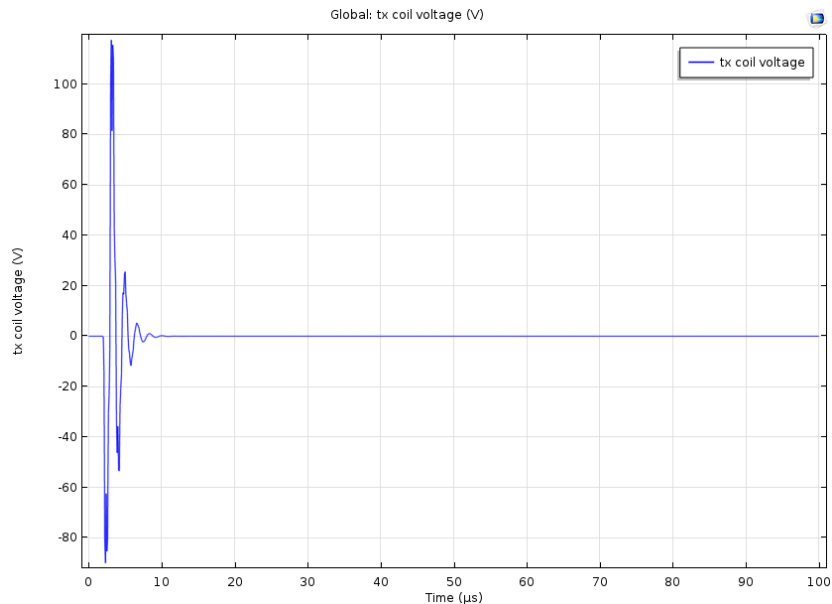


Photo of Rayleigh wave EMATs used in this project designed by TWI

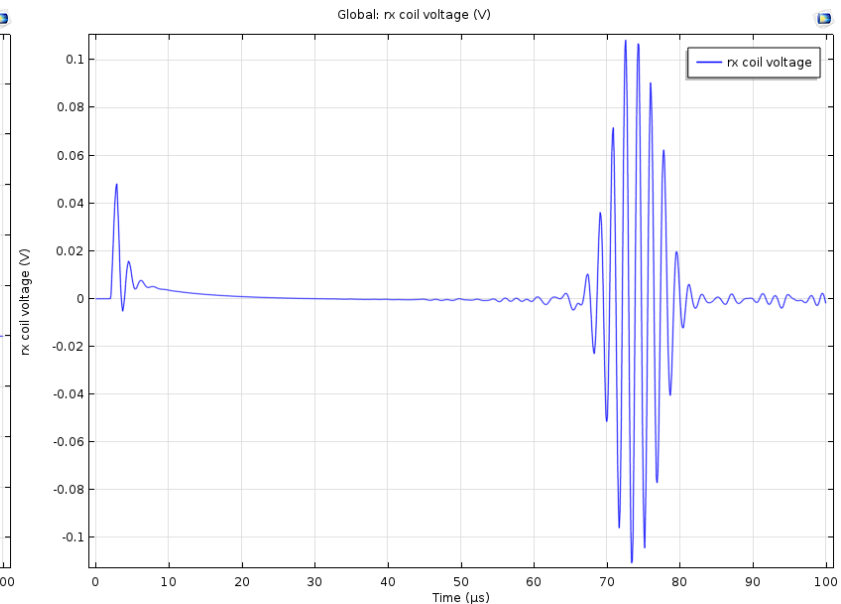
Picture modified from: Introduction of Rail Inspection
http://www2.warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/physics/research/ultra/research/rail_inspection/

SIMULATION RESULTS (TIME DEPENDENT ANALYSIS)

Tx Coil Voltage



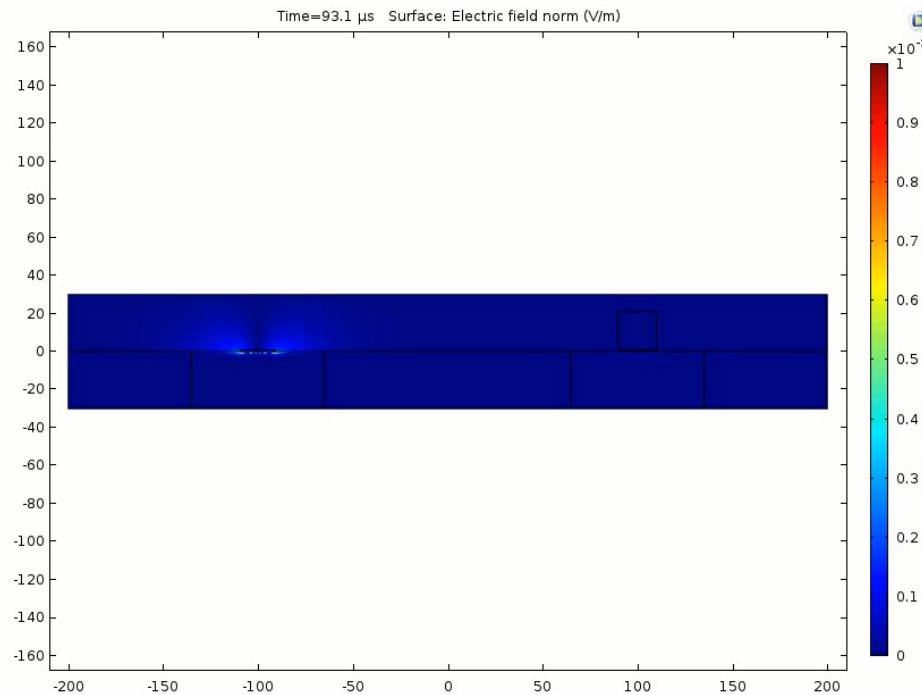
Rx Coil Voltage



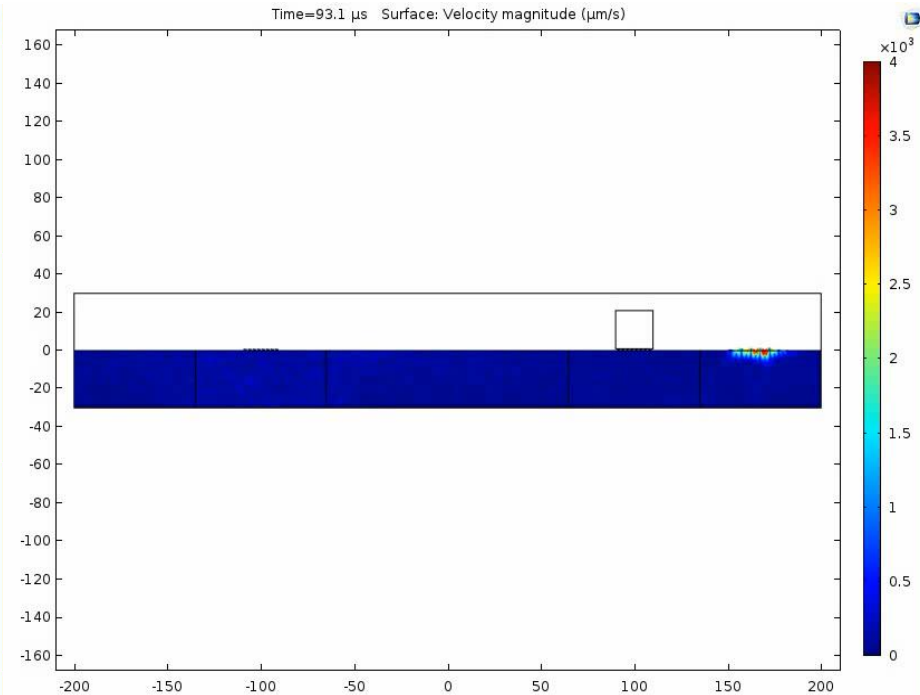
- A boundary layer mesh was used to resolve the skin depth near the surface of the conductor ($\delta \approx 20 \mu m$ @ $f = 625 kHz$, $\mu_r = 200$, $\sigma = 5 \times 10^6 \frac{S}{m}$)
- Fine mesh (max = 4 mm) within the conductor was used to ensure the wavelength is properly resolved (speed of sound $\approx 5134 \frac{m}{s}$)
- Only the magnetostriction forces are assumed to contribute to the body force

ELECTROMAGNETIC ACOUSTIC TRANSDUCERS (EMATS)

Electric Field

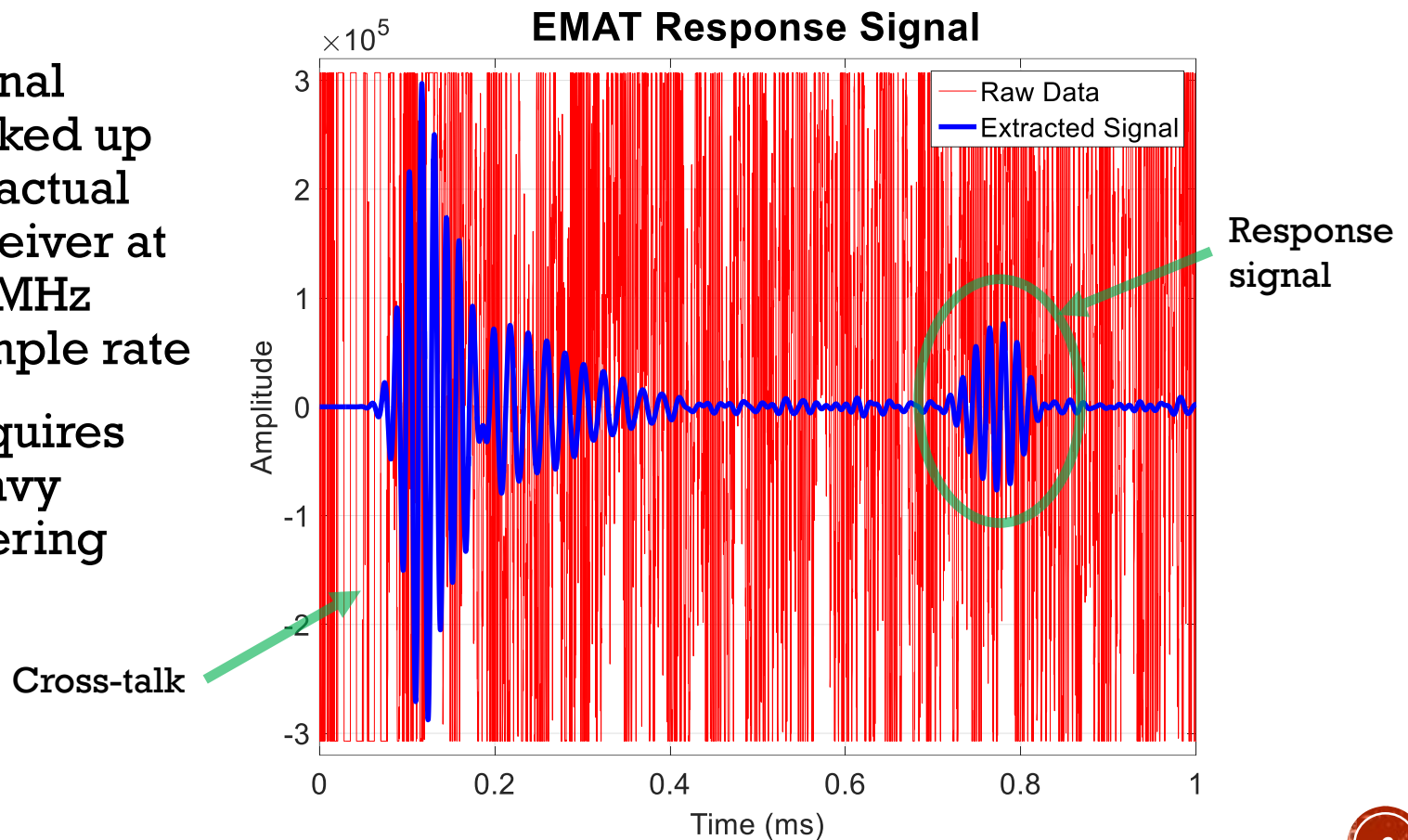


Rayleigh Wave Velocity



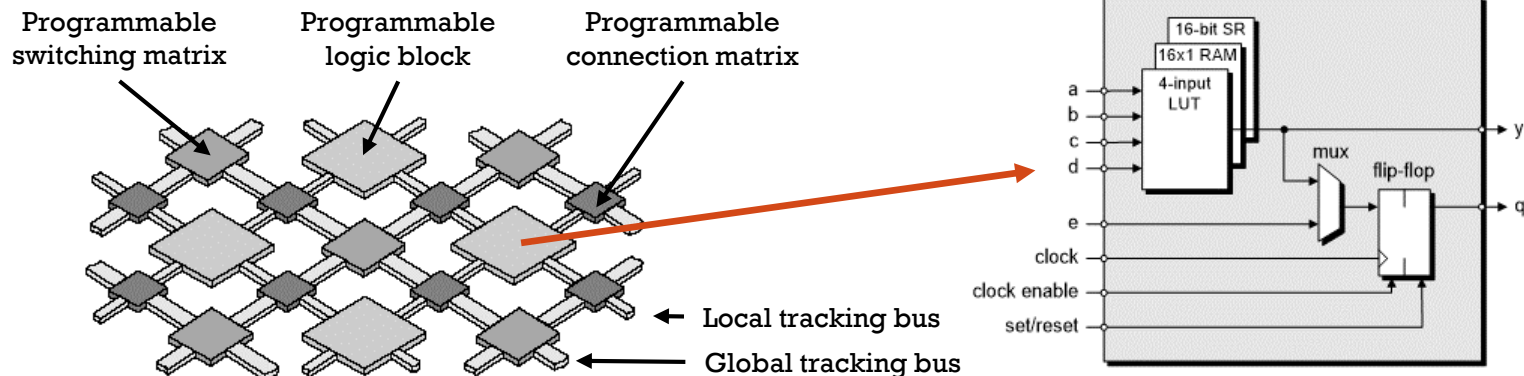
ELECTROMAGNETIC ACOUSTIC TRANSDUCERS (EMATS)

- Signal picked up by actual receiver at 50 MHz sample rate
- Requires heavy filtering

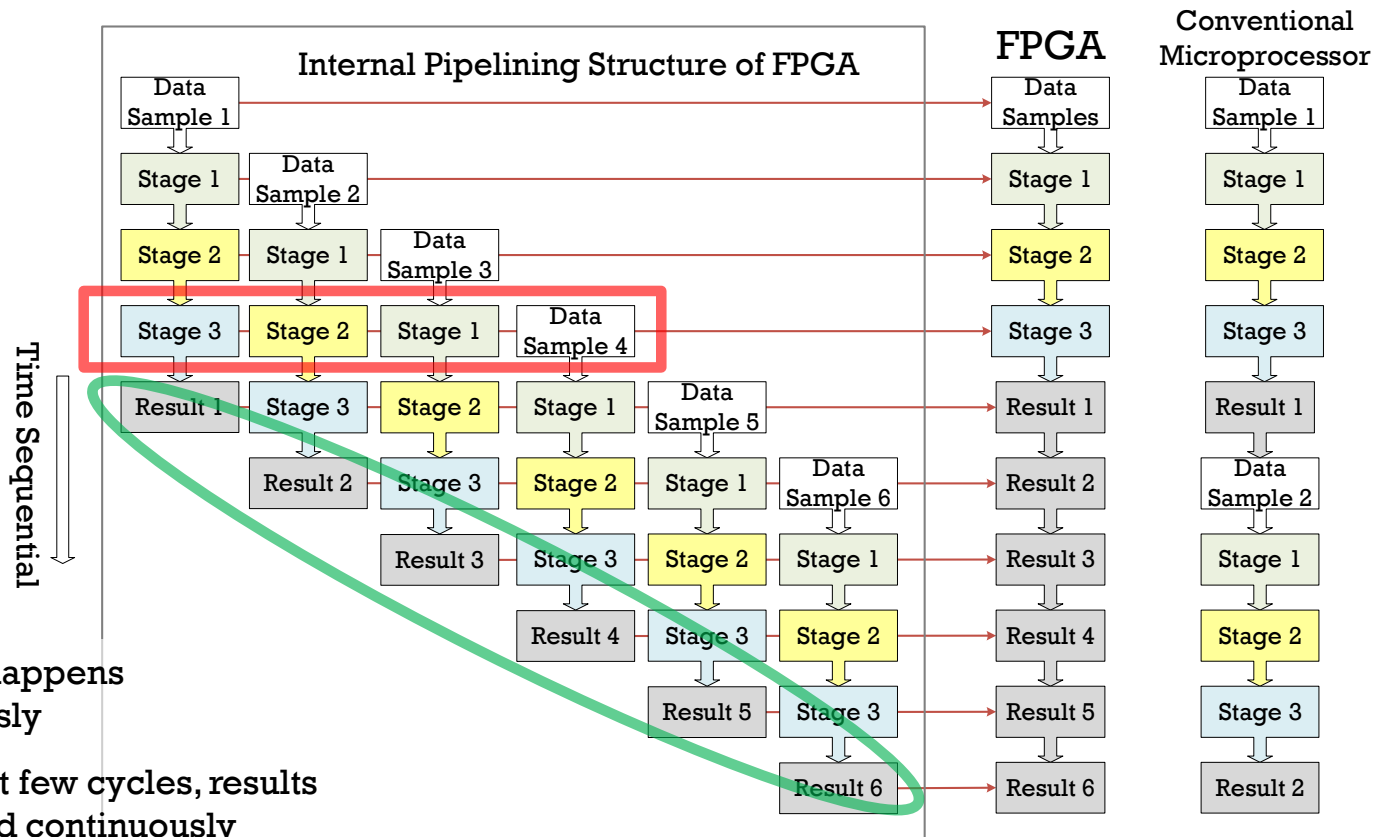


FIELD PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAY (FPGA)

- Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)
- Reconfigurable logic gates
- Good flexibility: suitable for parallel processing of multiple signals with wide bandwidth



PROCESSING PIPELINING STRUCTURE



PROCESSING CAPACITY

- Digilent Genesys Virtex-5 FPGA Development Board
- Supports real-time processing of sample rate up to 200MHz

Home / By Product Status / Active / Genesys Virtex-5 FPGA Development Board (LIMITED TIME) >> See Genesys2



Digilent FPGA

Genesys Virtex-5 FPGA Development Board (LIMITED TIME) >> See Genesys2

\$899.00

SKU:

410-138

Quantity:

1

ADD TO CART

WISHLIST

Share

LAB ENVIRONMENT

- Spinning rail facility
- ~4m diameter
- Up to 80 km/h in both directions (2 revs/sec)
- Running rail + defects
- Transducer mounting system

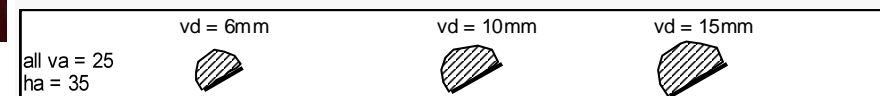
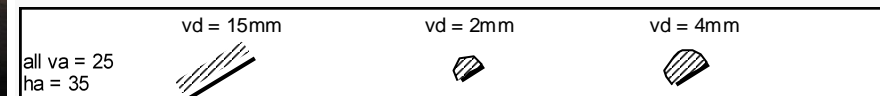
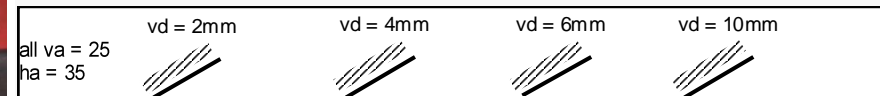
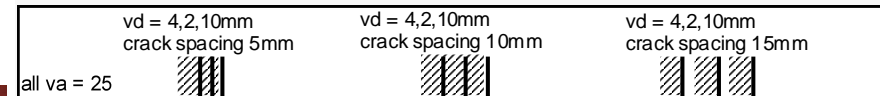
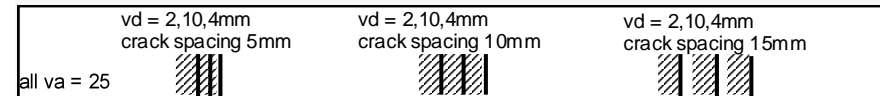
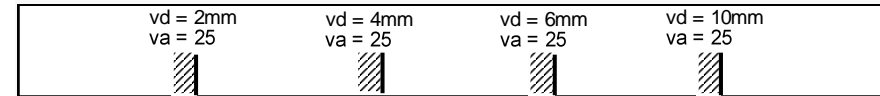
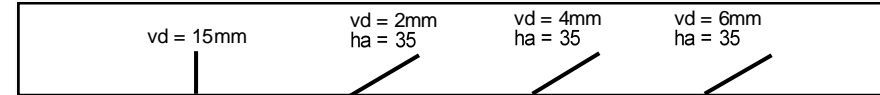


LAB ENVIRONMENT

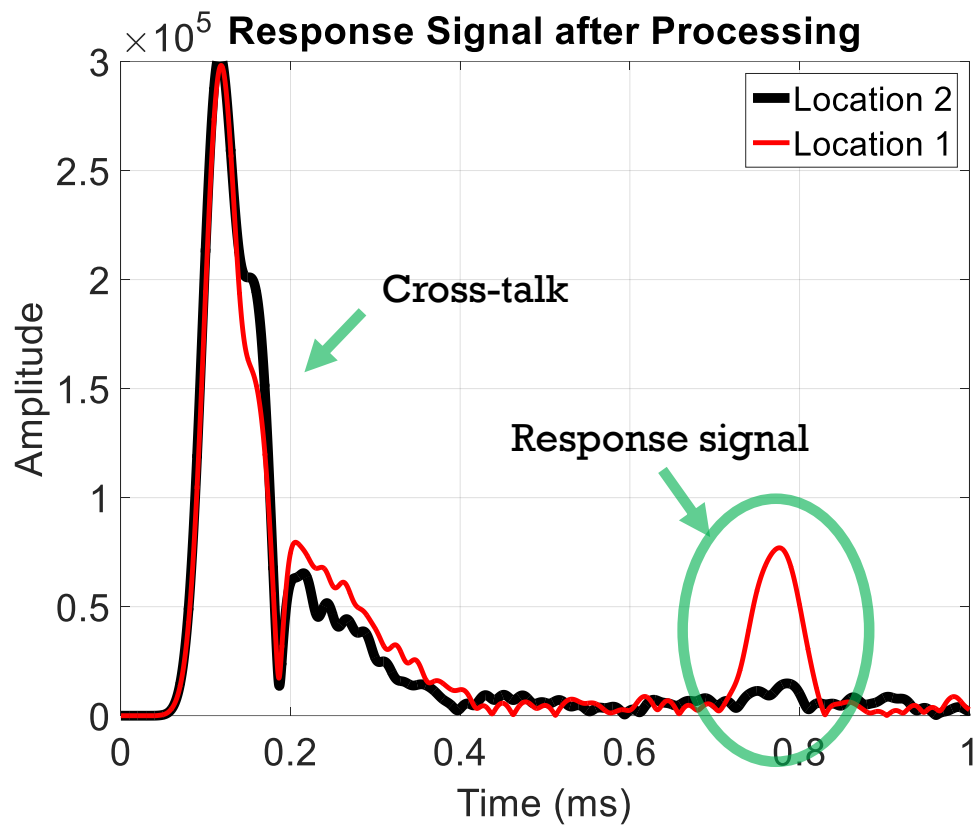
■ Calibrated Defects



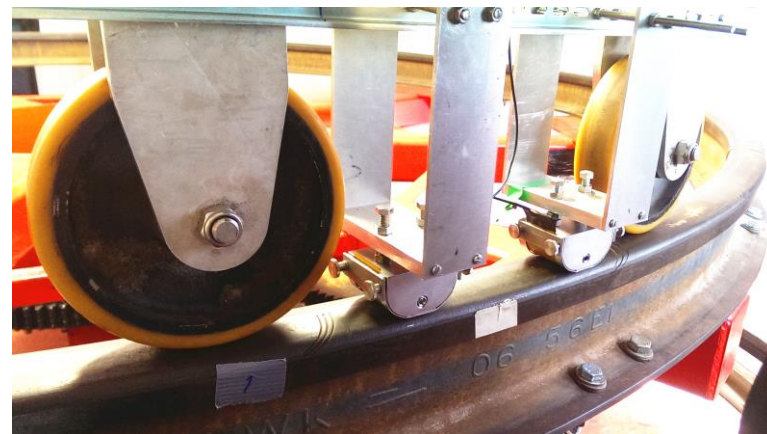
Plan view of rails - rails and defects not drawn to scale



LAB TEST RESULTS



Location 1

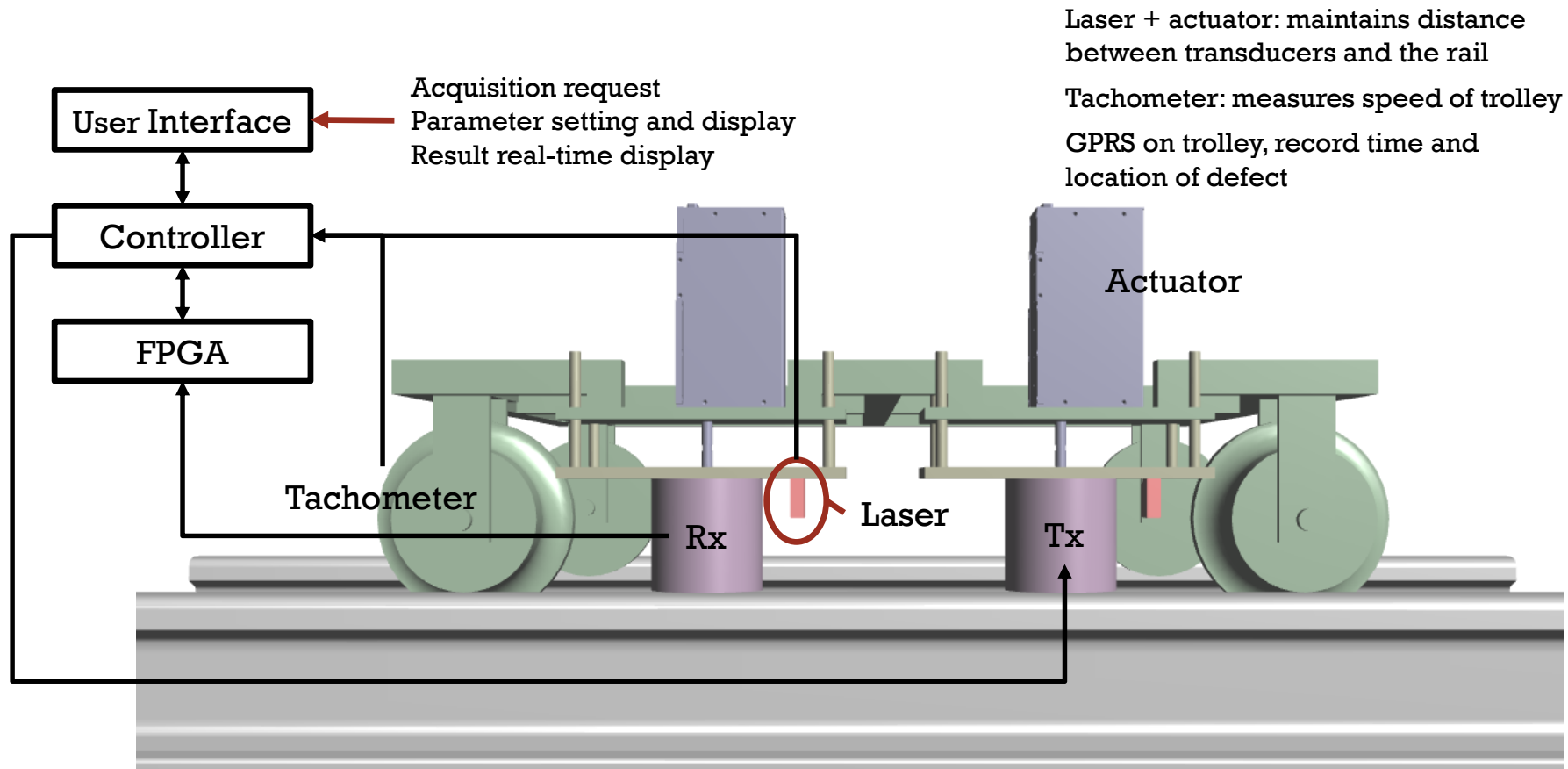


Location 2



Defect

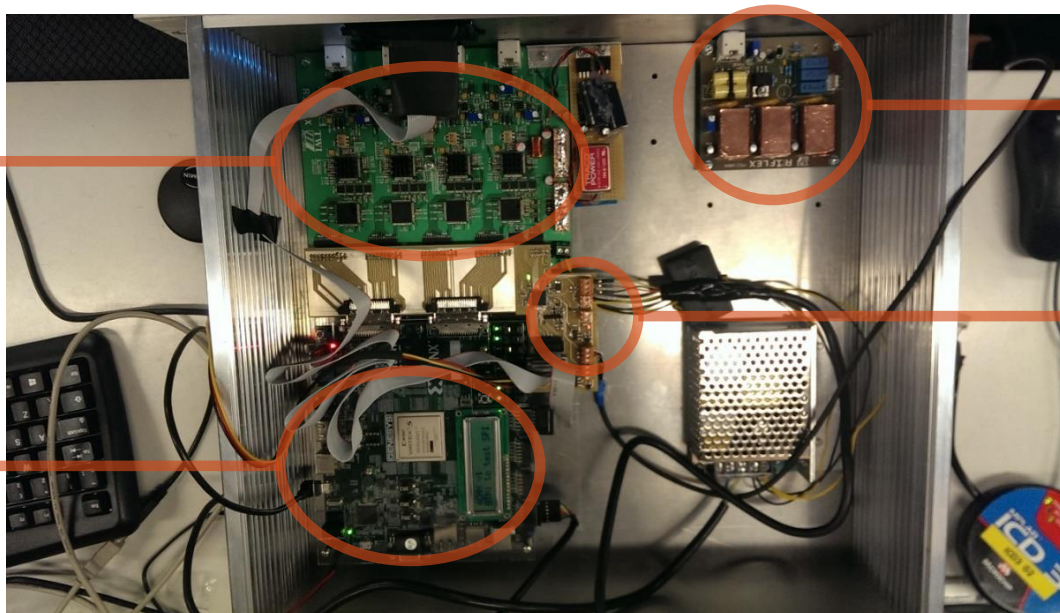
IMOSS RIFLEX TROLLEY



TROLLEY DEMONSTRATION



SYSTEM LAYOUT



TWI digitiser

Transmitter unit

FPGA

Controller



LED indicators

Rx

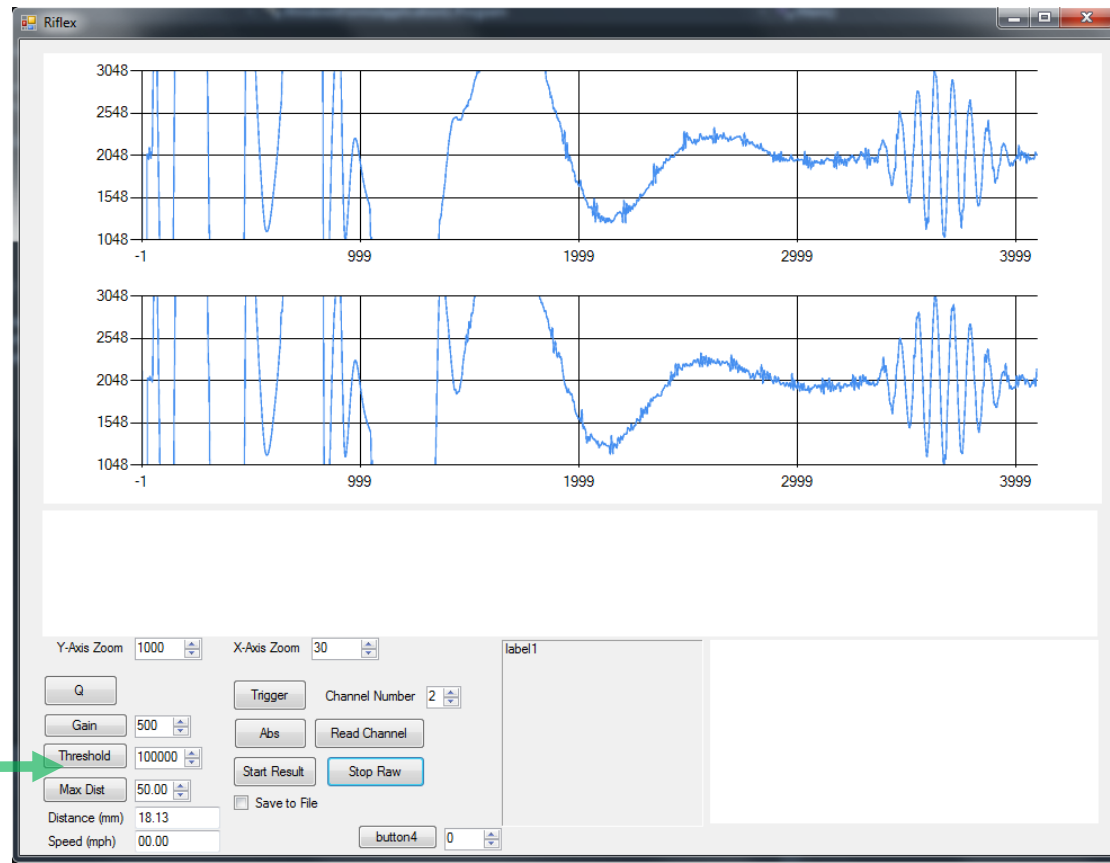
I/O connectors

Tx

USER INTERFACE 1

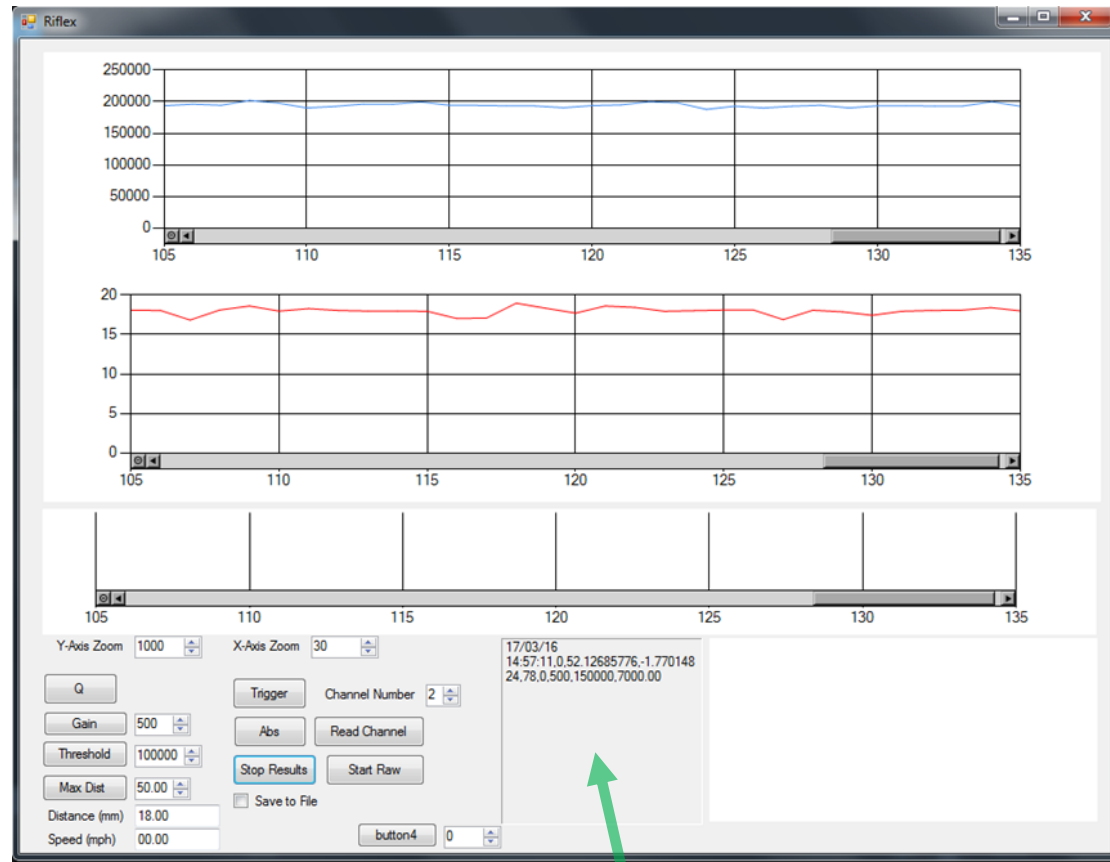
- Debug mode
- Shows response signal from requested channels

Control buttons: set gain, threshold values, etc.



USER INTERFACE 2

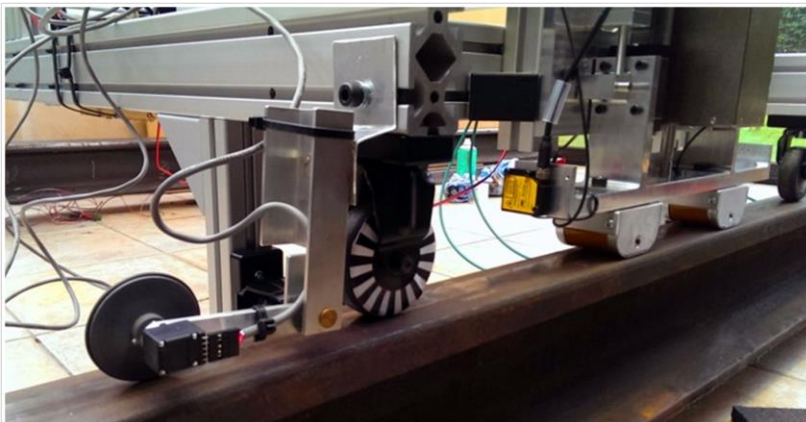
- Inspection mode
- Shows real-time inspection results, lift-off and speed reading
- Records time and location info when a defect has been detected



System status

INITIAL FIELD TEST

Brussels

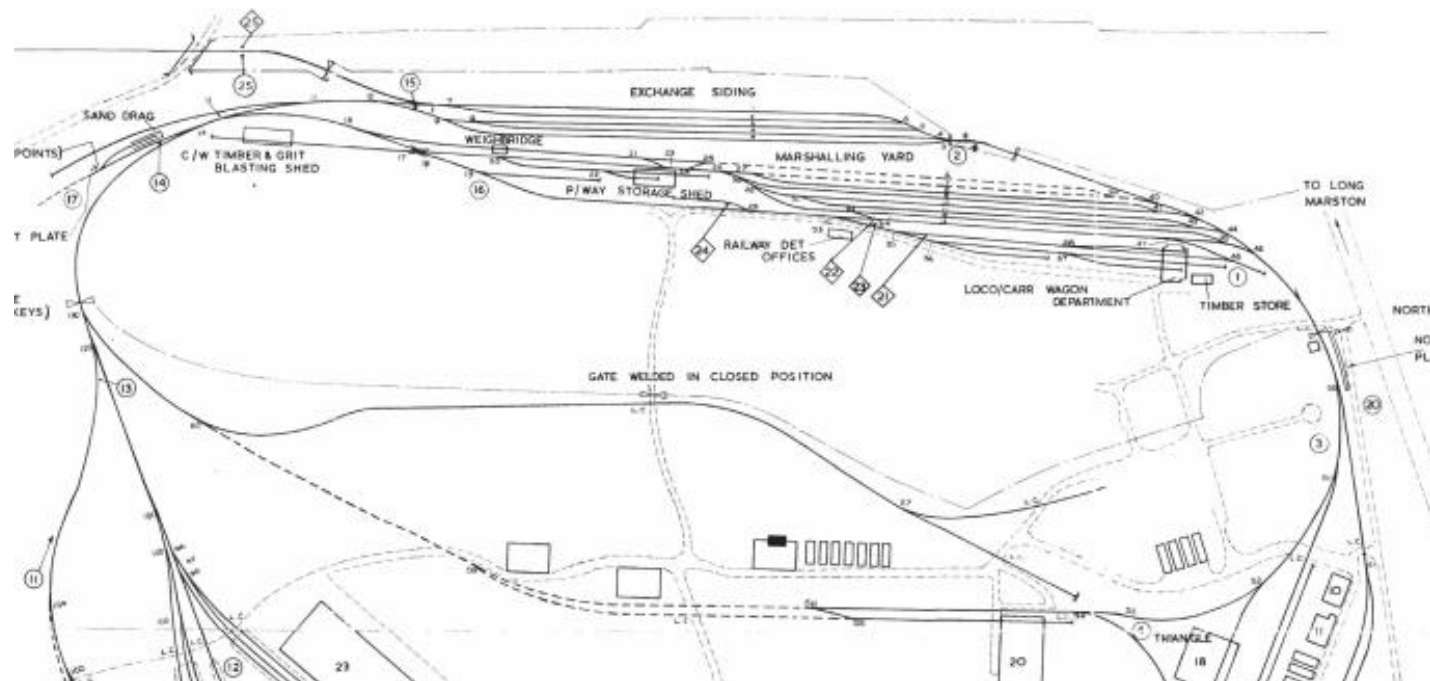


Long Marston

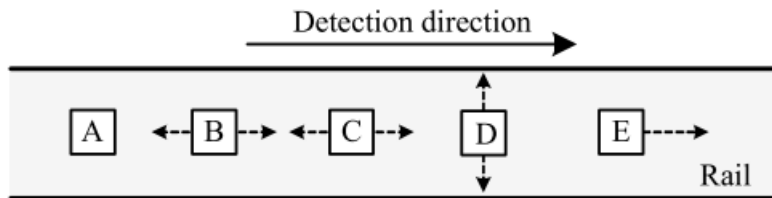
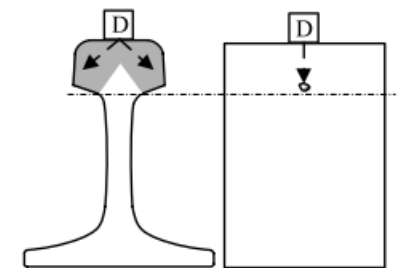
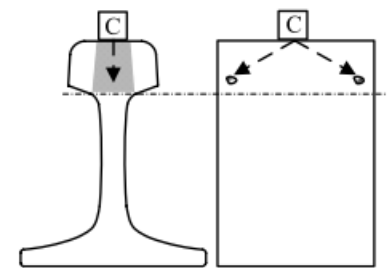
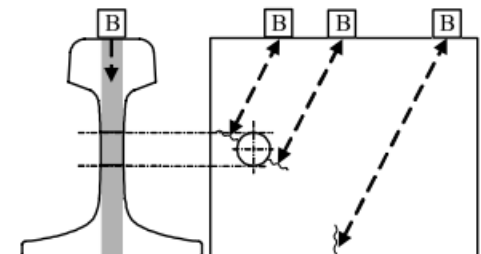
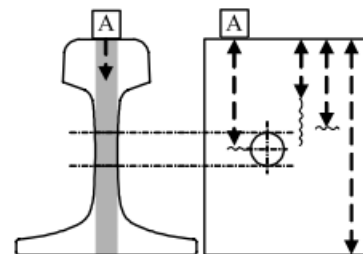
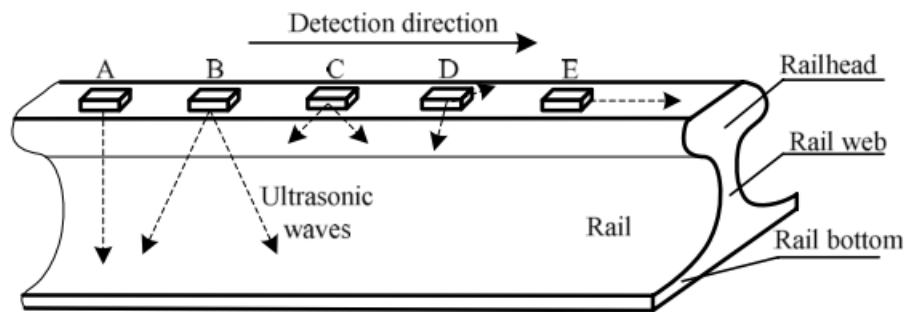


FIELD ENVIRONMENT

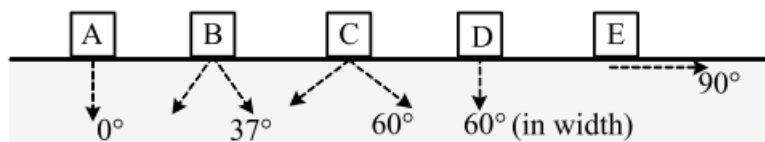
- Rail Alliance
- Long Marston
- 5 km testing loop



POTENTIAL: FLAW LOCALIZATION SYSTEM



a) top view

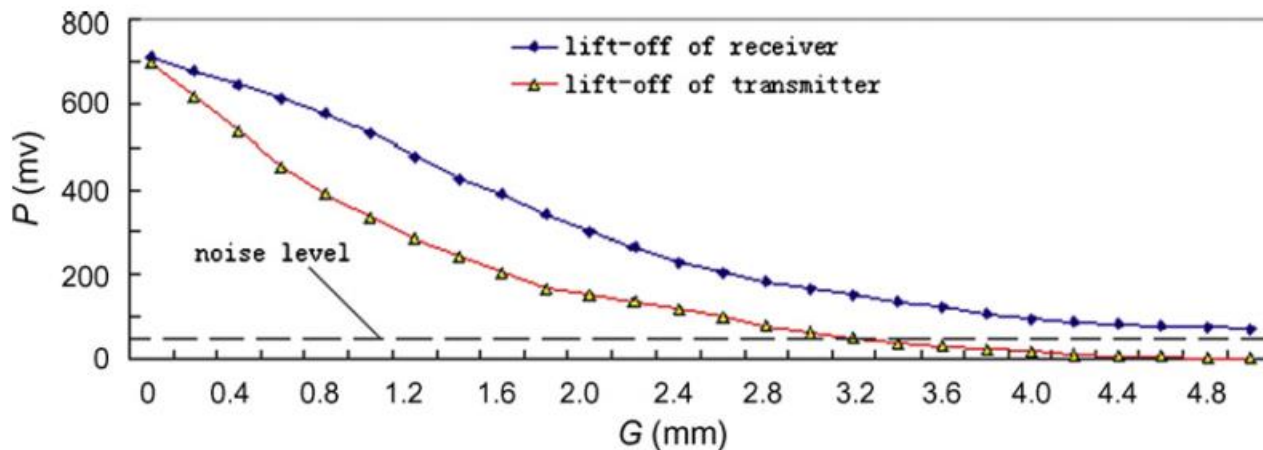


b) side view

Kang, L. (2010) Rail flaw detection system based on electromagnetic acoustic technique. 2010 5th IEEE Conference on Industrial Electronics and Applications, pp. 211–215

LIMITATIONS: LIFT-OFF

Peak value of received signals at different lift-off values. The diagram shows the peak value of received signal decreases as lift-off value increases for both transmitter coil and receiver coil.



- Speed limit: sensitivity of laser and response speed of actuator

Huang, S., Zhao, W., Zhang, Y., et al. (2009)
Study on the lift-off effect of EMAT. Sensors and
Actuators A: Physical, 153 (2): 218–221

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- My supervisors
 - Dr. Edward Stewart
 - Prof. Clive Roberts
- Fellow assistants in BCRRE group
 - Dr. Mani Entezami
 - Dr. Hamed Rowshandel
- Funding source
 - European Union Project RiFlex

